

## SGM2531/SGM2531A Programmable Current Limit Switches

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The SGM2531 and SGM2531A are single-channel load switches with controlled slew rate. The  $V_{OUT}$  rise time can be programmed by setting an additional capacitor to the SS pin, which can minimize inrush current. The devices contain an N-MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 4.5V to 22V. With precision 5% current limit, the devices can provide excellent accuracy and be well applied to many system protection applications.

Programmable under-voltage lockout or over-voltage protection is used to turn off the device if the  $V_{IN}$  drops below or raises over a threshold value, 3% threshold accuracy ensures tight that the downstream circuitry is not damaged by unintended power supply. Fault conditions are indicated by the nFLT pin.

The SGM2531 and SGM2531A are available in Green SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad) and TDFN-2×3-8BL packages.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

## **FEATURES**

- Wide Input Voltage Range from 4.5V to 22V with Surge up to 30V
- Low On-Resistance:
  - SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad): 60mΩ
  - TDFN-2×3-8BL: 50mΩ
- Programmable Output Ramp Time
- Programmable Current Limit: 100mA to 3A
- 5% Current Limit Accuracy at 1A
- Enable Interface Pin
- Full Set of Protections
  - Short-Circuit Protection
  - Over-Voltage Protection
  - Under-Voltage Lockout
  - Fault Condition Indication Pin (nFLT)
- Thermal Shutdown Options
  - SGM2531A: Auto-Retry
  - SGM2531: Latch-Off
- -40°C to +125°C Junction Temperature Range
- Available in Green SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad) and TDFN-2×3-8BL Packages

## **APPLICATIONS**

Set-Top Boxes, Gaming Consoles HDD and SSD Drives Smart E-Meters eFuse/USB Switches Adapter Power Cables



## **PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION**

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM2531	SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad)	-40°C to +125°C	SGM2531XPS8G/TR	SGM 2531XPS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
	TDFN-2×3-8BL	-40°C to +125°C	SGM2531XTDC8G/TR	2531 XXXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM2531A	SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad)	-40°C to +125°C	SGM2531AXPS8G/TR	SGM 2531AXPS8 XXXXX	Tape and Reel, 4000
	TDFN-2×3-8BL	-40°C to +125°C	SGM2531AXTDC8G/TR	MF3 XXXX	Tape and Reel, 3000

### MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XXXXX = Date Code, Trace Code and Vendor Code. XXXX = Date Code and Trace Code. SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad) TDFN-2×3-8BL

### XXXXX

- Vendor Code
- —— Trace Code
  - Date Code Year



Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

IN, OUT, ENUV, nFLT, OVP to GND	0.3V to 24V
IN, OUT to GND (Transient < 100µs)	0.3V to 30V
SS, ILIM to GND	0.3V to 6V
Package Thermal Resistance	
SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad), θ <sub>JA</sub>	
TDFN-2×3-8BL, θ <sub>JA</sub>	90°C/W
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
HBM	4000V
CDM	1000V

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Supply Voltage......4.5V to 22V Operating Junction Temperature Range......-40°C to +125°C

### **OVERSTRESS CAUTION**

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

### **ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION**

This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

### DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.



## **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**



PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	GND	Ground.
2	SS	Soft-Start Pin. The capacitor between SS and GND pins will set the slew rate according to the application requirements.
3	ENUV	Enable and Under-Voltage Lockout Input. Asserting ENUV pin high enables the device. As an UVLO pin, the UVLO threshold is programmed by an external resistor divider.
4	IN	Input Supply Voltage. Connect to a 4.5V to 22V power source.
5	OUT	Output of the Device.
6	nFLT	Alert Open-Drain Output Pin. Fault conditions (over-voltage, overload, fast-trip or thermal shutdown condition) are indicated by the nFLT pin.
7	ILIM	Programming Current Limit Pin. A resistor between this pin and GND sets the overload and short-circuit current limit levels. Do not leave this pin floating.
8	OVP	Over-Voltage Protection Pin. The over-voltage threshold is programmed by the resistor divider from the power supply to the OVP terminal to GND. If a voltage on the OVP pin is higher than $V_{OVPR}$ , the internal MOSFET will be turned off and protect the downstream load.
Exposed Pad	GND	Ground.



## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(T_J = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, V_{IN} = 4.5V \text{ to } 22V, V_{ENUV} = 2V, V_{OVP} = 0V, R_{ILIM} = 95.3k\Omega, C_{SS} = Open, nFLT = Open, typical values are at T_J = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage and Internal Under-Vol	tage Locko	out					
Input Voltage Range				4.5		22	V
UVLO Threshold Voltage, Rising	VIIVR			2.3	2.36	2.45	V
UVLO Hysteresis	VUVHYS			70	95	120	mV
Supply Current, Enabled		$V_{\text{ENUV}} = 2V.$	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V	100	170	250	uА
Supply Current, Disabled		$V_{\text{ENUV}} = 0V.$	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V		1	2.5	uA
Over-Voltage Protection (OVP) Input	4_011	Litor ,		1		_	<u> </u>
Over-Voltage Threshold Voltage, Rising	VOVPR			1.35	1.39	1.43	V
Over-Voltage Threshold Voltage, Falling	VOVPE			1.3	1.34	1.38	V
OVP Input Leakage Current	I <sub>OVP</sub>	$0V \le V_{OVP} \le$	22V	-100		100	nA
Enable and Under-Voltage Lockout (EN	NUV) Input	•					
ENUV Threshold Voltage, Rising	V <sub>ENR</sub>			1.35	1.39	1.43	V
ENUV Threshold Voltage, Falling	V <sub>ENF</sub>			1.3	1.34	1.38	V
ENUV Threshold Voltage to Reset Thermal Fault, Falling	$V_{ENF\_RST}$			0.46			V
EN Input Leakage Current	I <sub>ENUV</sub>	$0 \le V_{ENUV} \le 2$	22V	-100		100	nA
Soft-Start: Output Ramp Control (SS)	•			•	•		•
SS Charging Current	I <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> = 0V		0.82	1	1.25	μA
SS Discharging Resistance	Б	$V_{ENUV} = 0V,$	I <sub>ss</sub> = 10mA sinking	280	350	420	0
	INSS	V <sub>ENUV</sub> = 1V, I <sub>SS</sub> = 10mA sinking			145		12
SS Maximum Capacitor Voltage	V <sub>SSMAX</sub>			5.3		V	
SS to OUT Gain	GAINss	$\Delta V_{\text{OUT}} / \Delta V_{\text{SS}}$		4.95	5.06	5.20	V/V
Current Limit Programming (ILIM)							
ILIM Pin Bias Current	I <sub>ILIM</sub>			4.3	5.02	5.7	μA
	I <sub>limit</sub>	SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad)	$R_{ILIM} = 35.7 k\Omega$ , $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	0.330	0.384	0.440	A
			$R_{ILIM} = 45.3k\Omega$ , $T_{J} = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	0.425	0.484	0.545	
			$R_{max} = 95.3 k_{O} T_{a} = T_{a} = +25^{\circ}C$	0.95	1	1.05	
				0.00		1.00	
			$R_{ILIM} = 95.3 K\Omega, T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	0.92	1	1.00	
Current Limit			$R_{ILIM} = 150k\Omega$ , $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.41	1.56	1.70	
			$R_{ILIM}$ = 35.7k $\Omega$ , $T_J$ = -40°C to +85°C	0.330	0.390	0.455	
			$R_{ILIM} = 45.3k\Omega$ , $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	0.42	0.49	0.56	
		TDFN-2×3- 8BI	$R_{ILIM} = 95.3 k\Omega, T_A = T_J = +25^{\circ}C$	0.95	1	1.05	
		002	$R_{ILIM} = 95.3 k\Omega$ , $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	0.92	1	1.08	
			$R_{ILIM} = 150 k\Omega$ , $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	1.420	1.575	1.720	
Fast-Trip Comparator Threshold	I <sub>FAST-TRIP</sub>	$R_{ILIM}$ in $k\Omega$	·		1.65 × I <sub>LIM</sub>	IT	Α
MOSFET Power Switch	•			•			•
FFT On Desistance	<b>D</b>	SOIC-8 (Exp	oosed Pad)	25	60	110	0
FET On-Resistance	RDSON	TDFN-2×3-8	BL	20	50	85	mΩ
Pass FET Output (OUT)							
OLIT Pige Current in Off State	I <sub>LKG_OUT</sub>	$V_{ENUV} = 0V, V$	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V (Sourcing)	-2	0	2	
OUT Blas Current In OII-State	I <sub>SINK_OUT</sub>	$V_{ENUV} = 0V, V$	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 300mV (Sinking)	-1	0	1	μΑ
Fault Flag (nFLT): Active Low							
nFLT Pull-Down Resistance	$R_{nFLT}$	Device in fau I <sub>nFLT</sub> = 100m	ult condition, V <sub>OVP</sub> = high, A	5	17	35	Ω
nFLT Input Leakage Current	InFLT	Device not in	n fault condition, $V_{nFLT} = 0V$ , 22V	-0.5	0	0.5	μA
Thermal Shutdown (TSD)							
Thermal Shutdown Threshold, Rising	T <sub>TSD</sub>				150		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	THYS				20		°C
,		1				1	-



## TIMING REQUIREMENTS

 $(T_J = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, V_{IN} = 4.5V \text{ to } 22V, V_{ENUV} = 2V, V_{OVP} = 0V, R_{ILIM} = 95.3k\Omega, C_{SS} = Open, nFLT = Open, typical values are at T_J = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 

PARAMETER SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Enable and Under-Voltage Lockout (E	NUV) Input	•				
Turn-On Delay	t <sub>ON_DLY</sub>	ENUV↑ to V <sub>OUT</sub> = 1V, C <sub>SS</sub> = Open		90		μs
Turn-Off Delay	$t_{OFF}$	ENUV $\downarrow$ to V <sub>OUT</sub> $\downarrow$		2		μs
Over-Voltage Protection (OVP) Input						
OVP Disable Delay	t <sub>OVP_DLY</sub>	OVP↑ to nFLT↓		3		μs
Soft-Start: Output Ramp Control (SS)						
Output Ramp Time	t <sub>ss</sub>	ENUV $\uparrow$ to V <sub>OUT</sub> = 11V, with C <sub>SS</sub> = Open, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.2µF	0.12	0.24	0.38	- ms
		ENUV $\uparrow$ to V <sub>OUT</sub> = 11V, with C <sub>SS</sub> = 1.2nF, C <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.2µF	2.3	2.8	3.4	
Current Limit Programming (ILIM)						
Fast-Trip Comparator Delay	t <sub>FAST-TRIP_DLY</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> > I <sub>FAST-TRIP</sub>		3		μs
Thermal Shutdown (TSD)						
Retry Delay after Thermal Shutdown	+	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V		800		ms
Recovery, $T_J < [T_{TSD} - 20^{\circ}C]$	LTSD_DLY	V <sub>IN</sub> = 4.5V		800		ms

## PARAMETRIC MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 2. t<sub>ON\_DLY</sub> and t<sub>OFF\_DLY</sub> Waveforms







Figure 4. t<sub>FAST-TRIP\_DLY</sub> Waveforms



## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{IN}$  = 12V,  $C_{IN}$  = 10µF,  $C_{SS}$  = Open, typical values are at  $T_J$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.



Time (100µs/div)













## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $V_{IN}$  = 12V,  $C_{IN}$  = 10µF,  $C_{SS}$  = Open, typical values are at  $T_J$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.



Time (20µs/div)









Time (2µs/div)



SG Micro Corp

## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**



SG Micro Corp

## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**



SG Micro Corp

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



NOTE \*:  $60m\Omega$  for SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad) Package. 50m $\Omega$  for TDFN-2×3-8BL Package.





## SGM2531/SGM2531A

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The SGM2531 family is an 8-pin, 4.5V to 22V eFuse with thermal shutdown. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high current rails, the device implements a low on-resistance N-MOSFET which reduces the dropout voltage across the device.

The configurable rise time of the device greatly reduces inrush current caused by large bulk load capacitances or hot-plug boards, thereby reducing or eliminating power supply drop. The current limit threshold can be programmed between 0.1A and 3A through an external resistor.

When the output load exceeds the current limit threshold or a short-circuit event is present, the device limits the output current to a safe level by increasing the on-resistance of the power switch. Continuous heavy overloads and short-circuits that increase power dissipation of the switch can cause the junction temperature to rise, in which case thermal protection circuit will shut off the switch to prevent damage.

The device starts its operation by monitoring the  $V_{IN}$  bus. When  $V_{IN}$  exceeds the under-voltage lockout threshold, the device samples the ENUV pin. A high level on this pin enables the internal N-MOSFET. When  $V_{IN}$  exceeds UVLO threshold and  $V_{ENUV}$  exceeds 1.39V, the internal N-MOSFET of the device starts conducting and allows current to flow from IN to OUT. When  $V_{ENUV}$  is held low (below  $V_{ENF}$ ), internal N-MOSFET is turned off. When the voltage of OVP pin is more than  $V_{OVPR}$ , the internal N-MOSFET is turned off and protects the downstream load. The device also features a fault flag output (nFLT) pin to monitor system status and control downstream load. The device has a thermal protection feature to protect itself against thermal damage due to over-temperature.

# Adjustable Enable and Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The ENUV pin controls the state of the switch. In its high state, the internal N-MOSFET is enabled. A low level on this pin turns off the internal N-MOSFET. High and low levels are specified in the electrical characteristics of the datasheet.

It is recommended to add an external bypass capacitor between ENUV and GND pins to avoid the noise of instability power or probabilistic power failure. The ENUV falling edge deglitch delay is 1µs (TYP).

As an under-voltage lockout pin, the UVLO threshold is programmed by an external resistor divider, as shown in Figure 6.

Once the input rail under-voltage, the N-MOSFET will be turned off quickly. If this function is not needed, connect the ENUV pin to the  $V_{IN}$  rail to avoid it happens. Do not leave the ENUV pin floating.

The device implements the input UVLO and sets two UVLOs in combination with ENUV. If  $V_{IN} < V_{UVF}$ , the device is disabled and ENUV can set the  $V_{IN}$  rise threshold, so the device can set the section active voltage to avoid the input rail fluctuation.



Figure 6. ENUV and Input OVP Set by R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub>

### Input Rail Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

The SGM2531 family features over-voltage protection function. The over-voltage threshold is programmed by the resistor divider from the power supply to the OVP terminal and to GND, as shown in Figure 6. If the voltage of OVP pin is higher than  $V_{OVPR}$ , the device turns off the internal N-MOSFET. If not used, connect this pin to GND.



## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)**

### **Hot-Plug and Inrush Current Restrict**

In the use of hot-plug boards, the surge current limits the voltage drop of the backplane power supply voltage and will lead to the unintended resets of the system power supply. The capacitor between SS and GND pins will set the slew rate according to the application requirements. An approximate formula for the relationship between  $C_{SS}$  and slew rate is shown in Equation 1:

$$I_{ss} = \frac{C_{ss}}{GAIN_{ss}} \times \frac{dV_{out}}{dt}$$
(1)

where:

$$\begin{split} I_{SS} &= 1 \mu A \, (\text{TYP}) \\ dV_{\text{OUT}}/dt &= \text{Target output slew rate} \\ GAIN_{SS} &= \Delta V_{\text{OUT}}/\Delta V_{SS} = 5.06 \end{split}$$



Figure 7. Output Ramp Time (tss) is Set by Css

Equation 2 shows how to calculate the total output ramp time (tss) when the output rises from 0V to  $V_{IN}$ :

$$t_{\rm SS} = 19.5 \times 10^4 \times V_{\rm IN} \times C_{\rm SS}$$
 (2)

where  $C_{SS}$  is in F.

The inrush current  $(I_{INRUSH})$  can be calculated as:

$$I_{\rm INRUSH} = C_{\rm OUT} \times \frac{V_{\rm IN}}{t_{\rm SS}}$$
(3)

Rise time can be calculated by multiplying the input voltage by the slew rate. If floating this pin, the slew rate of the output obtains a default value  $\sim$ 50V/ms (minimum t<sub>ss</sub>).

### **Over-Current and Short-Circuit Protections**

The device limits current to the output in case of output shorts and overloads. If an event occurs, device goes into current limit action, and the value of the current limit ( $I_{LIMIT}$ ) is set by  $R_{ILIM}$  resistor:

$$I_{\text{LIMIT}} = 10.3 \times 10^{-3} \times R_{\text{ILIM}} + 0.017$$
 (4)

$$\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{ILIM}} = \frac{\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{LIMIT}} - 0.017}{10.3 \times 10^{.3}} \tag{5}$$

where:

 $I_{\text{LIMIT}}$  is the value of overload current limit in A. R<sub>ILIM</sub> is the current limit programming resistor in k $\Omega$ .

In addition to the general over-current protection, the SGM2531 family also integrates fast-trip over-current protection with quicker response time.

#### **Overload Protection**

When the output load exceeds the current limit threshold, the internal current limit amplifier limits the output current to the predetermined value by increasing the on-resistance of the power switch. When continuous heavy overloads increase the power dissipation in the switch, causing the junction temperature reach the thermal shutdown threshold, the internal N-MOSFET is turned off. The fault pin (nFLT) is asserted and will be pulled low to indicate a fault until the thermal shutdown condition is released.



## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)**

### **Short-Circuit Protection**

A transient short-circuit occurs, due to the limited bandwidth of the current limit amplifier, which cannot respond quickly to this event. The SGM2531 family contains a fast-trip comparator with a threshold ( $I_{FAST-TRIP}$ ). If  $I_{OUT} > I_{FAST-TRIP}$ , the comparator turns off the N-MOSFET and terminates the short-circuit peak current across the N-MOSFET rapidly. The fast-trip threshold is 1.65 times the overload current limit. The fast-trip comparator can terminate the transient short-circuit peak current, and then the current limit function limits the output current to  $I_{LIMIT}$ .

$$I_{FAST-TRIP} = 1.65 \times I_{LIMIT}$$
(6)

The  $I_{FAST-TRIP}$  is fast-trip current limit. To prevent the input voltage spike from damaging the device, a Zener diode should be added. If the switching voltage of SGM2531 family is more than 15V, the diode no more than 22V (> 0.5W) is needed, as shown in Figure 6.

### Startup with Output Shorted

For systems with short-circuit during startup, the current is limited to  $I_{\text{LIMIT}}$ . When the power dissipation of the MOSFET is greater than 15W, it will be limited to 15W, and the  $I_{\text{LIMIT}}$  will be decreased. After this, power dissipation will lead to device thermal protection.

### IN, OUT and GND Pins

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient inrush current when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor, a capacitor needs to be placed between IN and GND pins. Use a bypass capacitor as close as possible between IN and GND pins. Due to the integrated body diode in the N-MOSFET, a  $C_{IN}$  greater than  $C_{OUT}$  is highly recommended. When the system power supply is removed,  $C_{OUT}$  greater than  $C_{IN}$  will cause  $V_{OUT}$  to exceed  $V_{IN}$ .

This will result in current flow through the body diode from  $V_{OUT}$  to  $V_{IN}$ . A  $C_{IN}$  to  $C_{OUT}$  ratio of 10 to 1 is recommended for minimizing  $V_{IN}$  dip caused by inrush currents during startup. In the on-state condition,  $V_{OUT}$  can be calculated using the Equation 7:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{IN} - (R_{DSON} \times I_{OUT})$$
(7)

where  $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize DSON}}$  is the on-resistance of internal N-MOSFET.

### Fault Response

The SGM2531 family has a fault output signal to indicate the operation state of the device. When any of over-voltage, over-current or thermal shutdown occurs, the nFLT pin is pulled low. The nFLT pin is open-drain output which can be connected to OUT or another external voltage through an external pull-up resistor. If not used, leave it floating or connect to GND.

### **Thermal Shutdown (TSD)**

Thermal shutdown protects the device from excessive temperature. Once the device is shut down due to TSD fault, it would either stay latch-off (SGM2531) or restart automatically after  $T_J$  drops below [ $T_{TSD}$  - 20 °C] (SGM2531A).

### Shutdown Control

The device has a built-in over-temperature shutdown circuitry designed to protect the internal N-MOSFETs if the junction temperature exceeds  $T_{TSD}$ . The internal N-MOSFET can be remotely turned off by taking the ENUV pin below its 1.34V threshold as shown in Figure 8. Upon releasing the ENUV pin, the device turns on with soft-start cycle.



Figure 8. Shutdown Control



## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)**

#### **Operational Overview**

The device function is shown in Table 1.

#### Table 1. Operational Overview of Device Functions

Device	SGM2531/SGM2531A
	Inrush ramp controlled by SS pin via an external capacitor.
Startup	Limit inrush current to IILIMIT level.
	If $T_J > T_{TSD}$ , the device is shut down.
Over-Current	Current is limited to ILIMIT level.
	Power dissipation increases as $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$ increases. When the power dissipation exceeds 15W, it will be limited to 15W.
Response	$T_J > T_{TSD}$ , the device is turned off.
	The SGM2531A will attempt restart $t_{TSD_DLY}$ after $T_J < [T_{TSD} - 20^{\circ}C]$ .
Short-Circuit Response	Fast turn-off when $I_{LOAD} > I_{FAST-TRIP}$ .
	According to the standard startup cycle, fast refresh and limit the current to ILIMIT.

### **Smart Load Switch**

The SGM2531 family can be used as a smart power switch with wide input voltage range from 4.5V to 22V. The devices provide soft-start, current limit, over-temperature protection, a fault indicate, and overor under-voltage lockout.

Figure 9 shows the typical implementation and usage as load switch. It is recommended to add a freewheeling diode across the load when load is highly inductive.



Figure 9. Smart Load Switch Implementation

## **REVISION HISTORY**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

JANUARY 2023 – REV.A to REV.A.1	Page
Added TDFN-2×3-8BL Package	All

#### Changes from Original (JUNE 2022) to REV.A



Page

## PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

## **SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad)**





#### RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters						
	MIN	MOD	MAX				
A			1.700				
A1	0.000	-	0.150				
A2	1.250	-	1.650				
b	0.330	-	0.510				
С	0.170	-	0.250				
D	4.700	-	5.100				
D1	3.020	-	3.420				
E	3.800	-	4.000				
E1	5.800	-	6.200				
E2	2.130	-	2.530				
е		1.27 BSC					
L	0.400	-	1.270				
θ	0°	-	8°				
CCC		0.100					

#### NOTES:

This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 The dimensions do not include mold flashes, protrusions or gate burrs.

3. Reference JEDEC MS-012.



## PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

## TDFN-2×3-8BL







BOTTOM VIEW







Symbol	Dimer In Milli	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
-	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
A2	0.203	B REF	0.008 REF		
D	1.950	2.050	0.077	0.081	
D1	1.530	1.530 1.730		0.068	
E	2.950 3.050		0.116	0.120	
E1	1.650	1.850	0.065	0.073	
b	0.200	0.300	0.008	0.012	
е	0.500	) BSC	0.020	BSC	
k	0.250 REF		0.010	REF	
L	0.300 0.450		0.012	0.018	

NOTE: This drawing is subject to change without notice.



## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

### **REEL DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

### **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL**

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOIC-8 (Exposed Pad)	13″	12.4	6.40	5.40	2.10	4.0	8.0	2.0	12.0	Q1
TDFN-2×3-8BL	7″	9.5	2.30	3.30	1.10	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q2

### **CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

### **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX**

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton	
7" (Option)	368	227	224	8	
7″	442	410	224	18	
13″	386	280	370	5	

