

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SGM660A is a synchronous inverting Buck-Boost converter. The device implements a multi-function digital input SWIRE pin which can be used to program the negative output voltage or device enable.

The SGM660A integrates a 1.31A switch current power FET, which can be programmable down to 0.485A. 1.8MHz switching frequency allows the use of small size inductor. The device has built-in soft-start and loop compensation network to reduce the external component counts. Output discharge function is also implemented.

Various protection features such as over-current protection, over-temperature protection and short circuit protection are implemented to protect the device against various fault conditions.

The SGM660A is available in a Green TDFN-2x2-6AL package.

### FEATURES

- **Input Voltage Range: 2.8V to 5.5V**
- **Adjustable Output Voltage: -0.8V to -5.2V with 0.1V per Step**
- **Programmable Switching Current Limit: 1.31A (Default)/0.83A/0.485A**
- **Programmable Switching Frequency: 1.8MHz/1.6MHz (Default)/1.4MHz**
- **Internal Soft-Start Function**
- **No External Compensation**
- **Shutdown Current: 1µA (MAX)**
- **Available in a Green TDFN-2x2-6AL Package**

### APPLICATIONS

- Sensor and Modulator Bias
- Negative Bias Supply for Amplifiers and Data Converters
- Discrete LCD Biasing

### TYPICAL APPLICATION

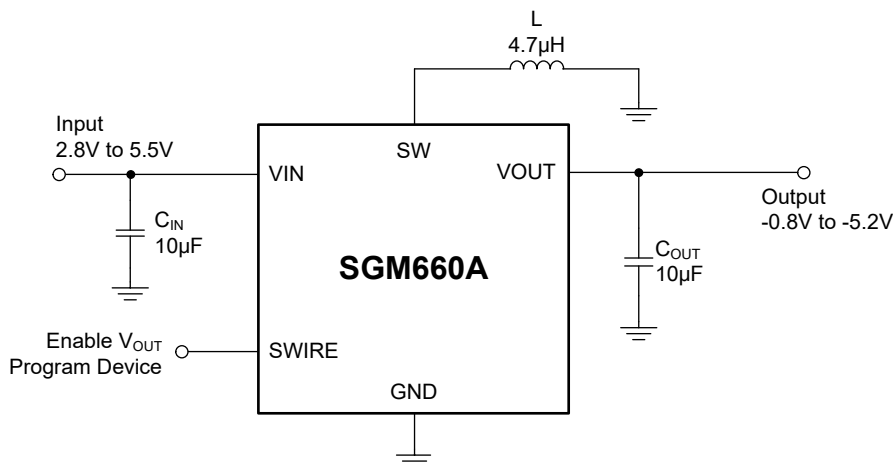


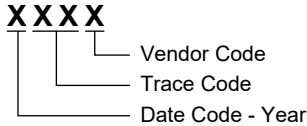
Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

**PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION**

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM660A	TDFN-2x2-6AL	-40°C to +125°C	SGM660AXTDI6G/TR	660A XXXX	Tape and Reel, 3000

**MARKING INFORMATION**

NOTE: XXXX = Date Code, Trace Code and Vendor Code.



Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

VIN to GND Voltage.....	-0.3V to 6V
VOU to GND Voltage.....	-6V to 0.3V
SW to GND Voltage.....	V <sub>OUT</sub> - 0.3V to V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V
SWIRE to GND Voltage.....	-0.3V to 6V
VIN to SW or SW to VOUT Voltage	
DC.....	-0.3V to 12V
Pulse, Less than 10ns.....	-2.5V to 16V
Package Thermal Resistance	
TDFN-2x2-6AL, θ <sub>JA</sub> .....	96°C/W
TDFN-2x2-6AL, θ <sub>JB</sub> .....	40°C/W
TDFN-2x2-6AL, θ <sub>JC</sub> .....	88°C/W
Junction Temperature.....	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range.....	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s).....	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
HBM.....	4000V
CDM.....	1000V

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Input Voltage Range, V <sub>IN</sub> .....	2.8V to 5.5V
Output Voltage Range, V <sub>OUT</sub> .....	-0.8V to -5.2V
Operating Ambient Temperature Range.....	-40°C to +125°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range.....	-40°C to +125°C

**OVERSTRESS CAUTION**

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

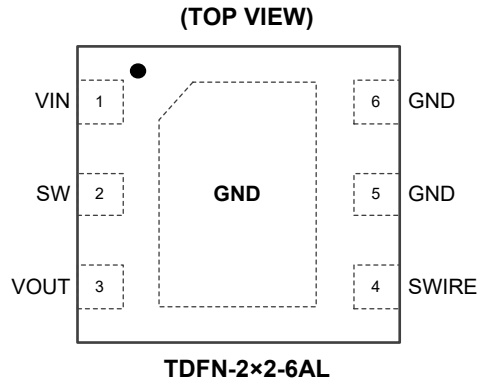
**ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION**

This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

**DISCLAIMER**

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.

PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION

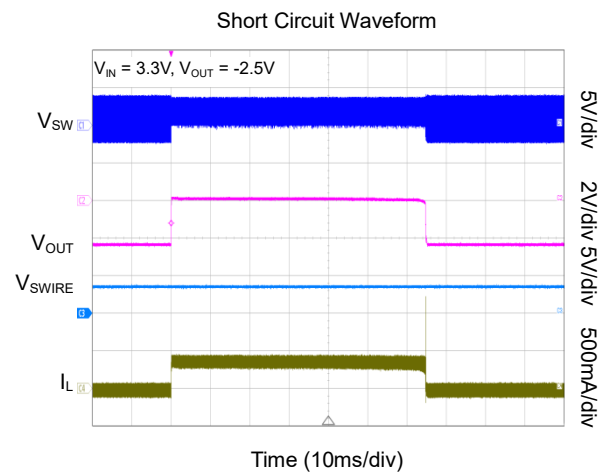
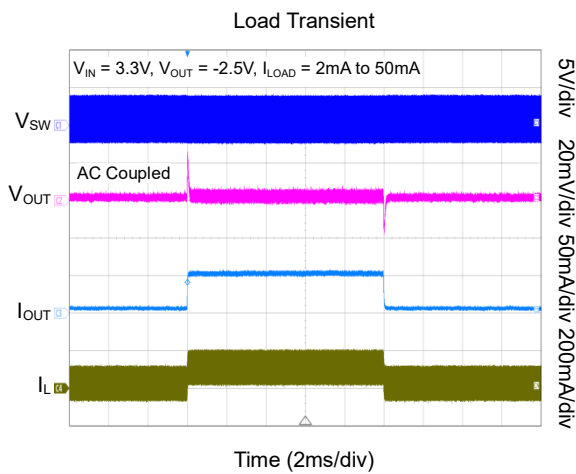
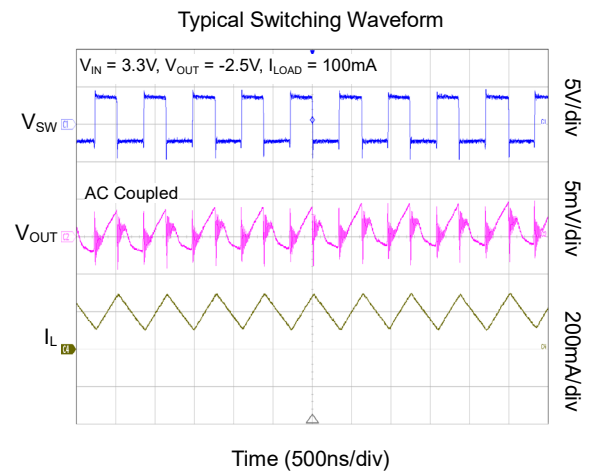
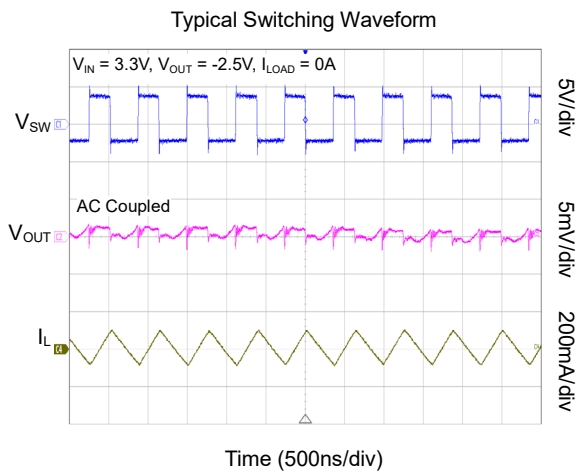
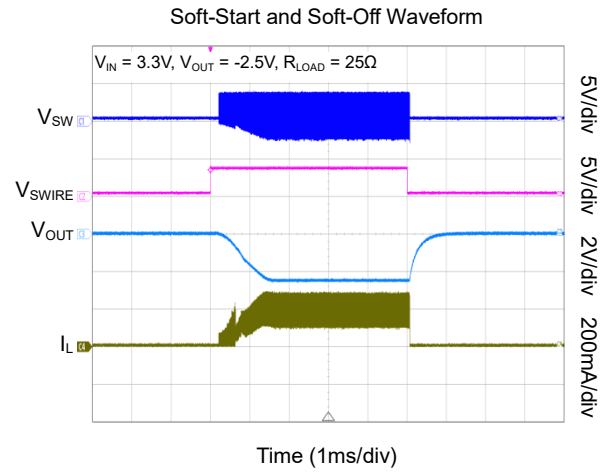
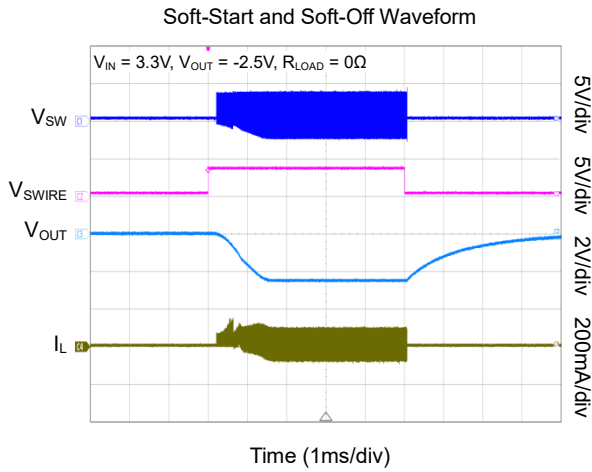
PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	VIN	Power Supply Input Pin. Connect to the internal high-side MOSFET and supply power to the internal circuit.
2	SW	Switching Node Pin. Connect to the internal high-side MOSFET and low-side MOSFET.
3	VOUT	Output Voltage. The output filter capacitor should be connected to this pin.
4	SWIRE	Enable Inverting Buck-Boost Converter and Digital Programming (Active-High).
5, 6	GND	Ground.
Exposed Pad	GND	Exposed Pad. Connect to GND.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**(V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>SWIRE</sub> = V<sub>IN</sub>, V<sub>OUT</sub> = -2.5V, T<sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, typical values are measured at T<sub>J</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>		2.8		5.5	V
Shutdown Current	I <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>SWIRE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V, T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C		0.1	1.0	μA
Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub>	V <sub>SWIRE</sub> = 1.8V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V, non-switching, T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C		290	370	μA
Input Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold	V <sub>UVLO</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> rising, T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C		2.55	2.70	V
Input Under-Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	V <sub>UVLO_HYS</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C	0.08	0.13		V
Power-Up Blanking Time	t <sub>BLANK</sub>			10		ms
Logic High Level Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V, SWIRE rising	1.4			V
Logic Low Level Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V, SWIRE falling			0.4	V
SWIRE Pin Leakage Current	I <sub>SWIRE</sub>	V <sub>SWIRE</sub> = 1.8V		10		nA
	I <sub>SWIRE_PD</sub>	Before the input is recognized as logic high		2		μA
Negative Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>		-5.2	-2.5	-0.8	V
Negative Output Voltage Accuracy		V <sub>OUT</sub> = -2.5V, no load	-2.0		2.0	%
MOSFET On-Resistance	R <sub>DSP</sub>	I <sub>DS</sub> = 100mA		445		mΩ
MOSFET Rectifier On-Resistance	R <sub>DSN</sub>	I <sub>DS</sub> = 100mA		270		mΩ
Switch Current Limit	I <sub>SW</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C	1190	1310	1430	mA
		T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C	740	830	920	mA
		T <sub>J</sub> = +25°C	420	485	550	mA
Switching Frequency	f <sub>SW</sub>		1.65	1.8	1.95	MHz
			1.45	1.6	1.75	MHz
			1.25	1.4	1.55	MHz
VOUT Negative Comparator at Start-Up	V <sub>OUT_SCP_ST</sub>			-500		mV
VOUT Discharge Resistance	R <sub>VOUT_DCG</sub>	V <sub>SWIRE</sub> = GND, I <sub>VOUT</sub> = ±1mA		150		Ω
Minimum High-side Switch On-Time	t <sub>ON_MIN</sub>	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0A		110		ns
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	T <sub>SD</sub>			150		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>SD_HYS</sub>			15		°C

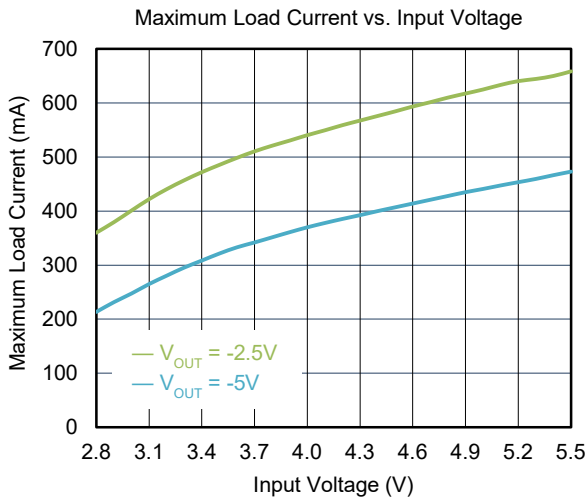
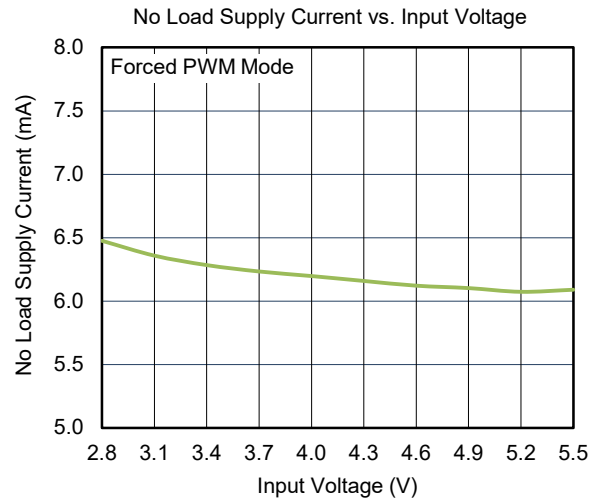
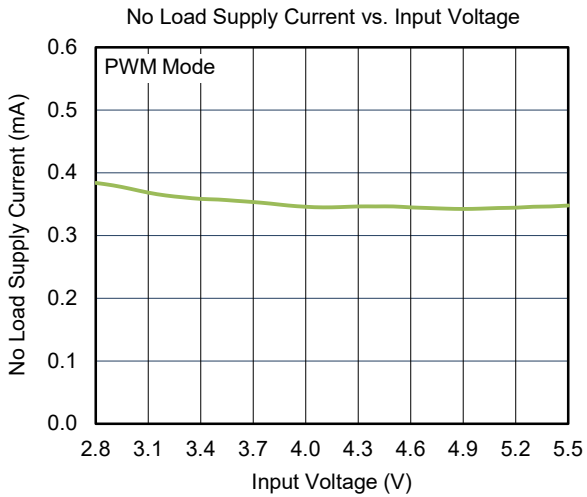
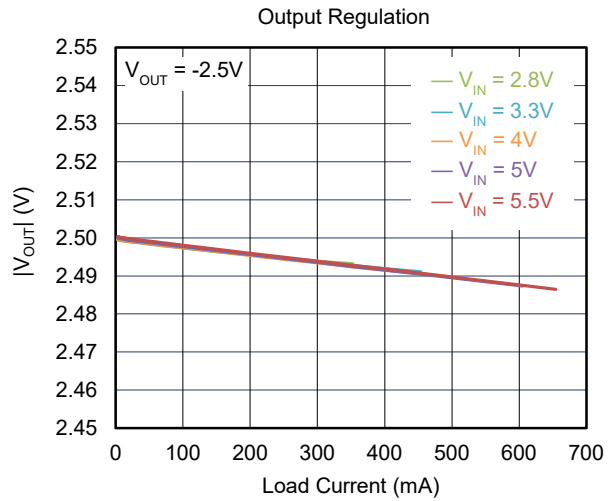
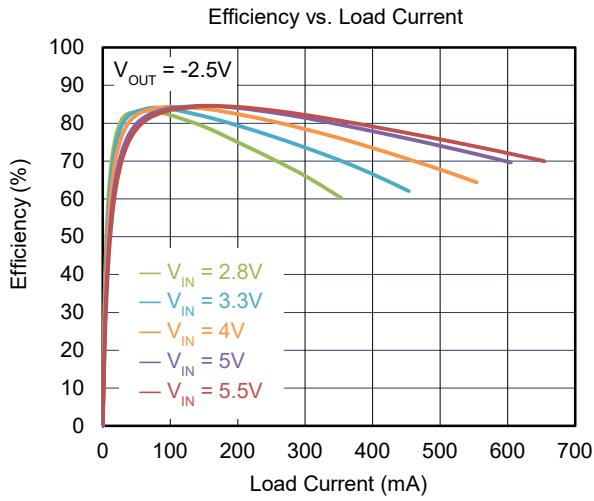
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$T_J = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SWIRE} = V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = -2.5\text{V}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 10\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$  and  $L = 4.7\mu\text{H}$ , unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$ ,  $V_{SWIRE} = V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = -2.5\text{V}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 10\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$  and  $L = 4.7\mu\text{H}$ , unless otherwise noted.



**TIMING REQUIREMENTS**

( $T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>SWIRE Interface</b>					
Initialization Time	$t_{\text{INIT}}$		300	400	μs
Shutdown Time Period	$t_{\text{OFF}}$	30	55	80	
Pulse High Level Time Period	$t_{\text{HIGH}}$	4	10	25	
Pulse Low Level Time Period	$t_{\text{LOW}}$	4	10	25	
Data Storage/Accept Time Period	$t_{\text{STORE}}$	30	55	80	

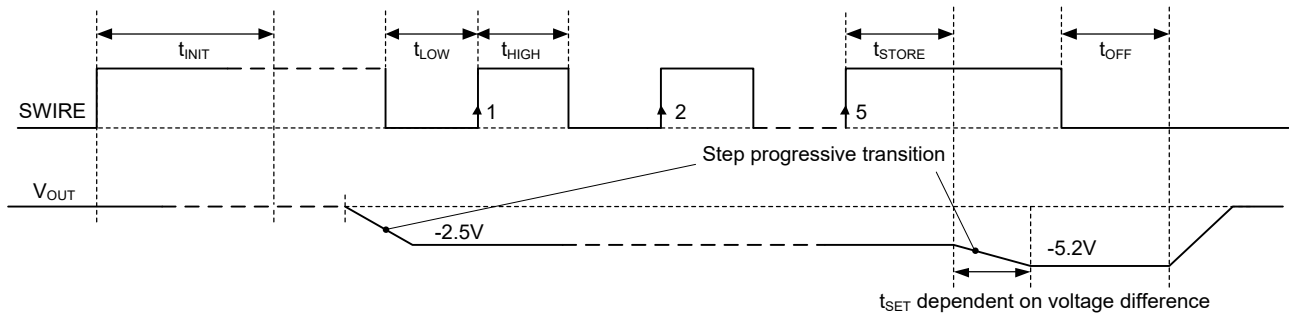


Figure 2. Timing Diagram

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

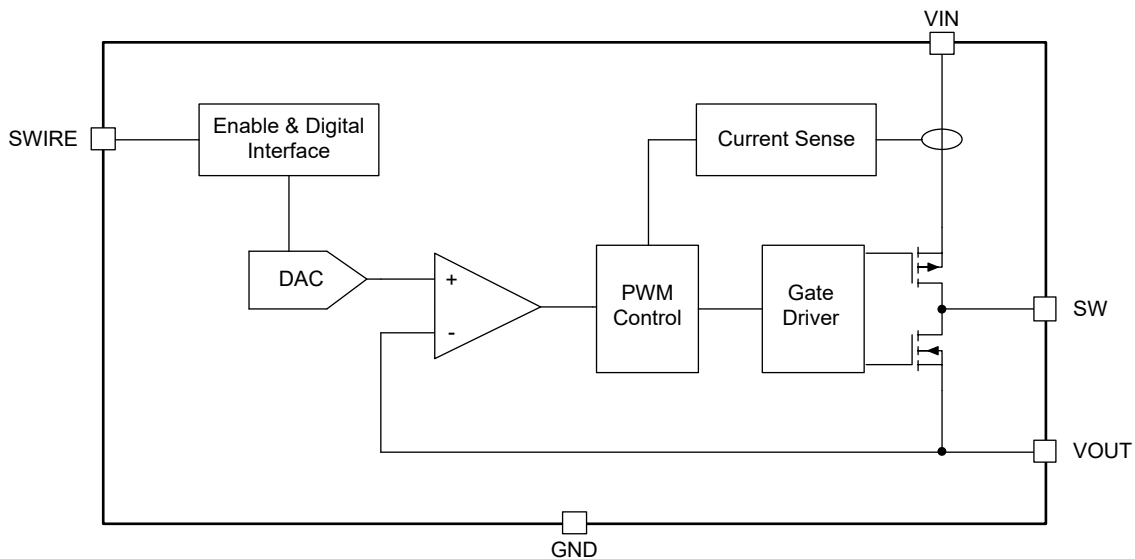


Figure 3. Block Diagram

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The SGM660A adopts the peak current mode control scheme, which provides excellent line and load transient responses with minimal output capacitance. But in that case, the duty cycle will be limited by the minimum on-time. So the ripple of  $V_{OUT}$  will get bigger when that happens.

**Under-Voltage Lockout**

The built-in under-voltage lockout function (UVLO) monitors the input voltage and disables the device when the input voltage is too low to operate.

**Thermal Shutdown**

The device implements thermal shutdown, which prevents the device from damage due to overheating and excessive power dissipation. The device stops switching and shuts down all the outputs when the junction temperature exceeds  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$  (TYP), and restarts with the same programmed voltages and sequences when the temperature decreases to  $+135^{\circ}\text{C}$  (TYP).

**Soft-Start**

The device implements an internal soft-start to limit the inrush current.

**Input Power Supply**

The input power supply voltage is recommended between 2.8V and 5.5V. To achieve full performance, a stable and noise-free input source is needed. In case the distance between input source and SGM660A is long, additional capacitors are suggested to place as close to the device as possible. Please refer to Figure 1 for the suggested input capacitance.

**Short Circuit Protection**

Peak current mode control has inherent over-current protection. When a short circuit occurs, the high-side FET's current limit is reached, the device stops switching to prevent the device from damage.



### DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)

#### Digital Interface (SWIRE Pin)

The negative output voltage  $V_{OUT}$  can be programmed through the SWIRE digital interface with 0.1V steps.

Figure 4 shows an example for SGM660A programming  $V_{OUT}$ . The SWIRE pin can be used as a standard enable pin if programming is not required. The device starts with default values (green marked values in Table 1) if enabled.

#### Inverting Buck-Boost Converter (VOUT Pin)

The inverting Buck-Boost converter operates with a peak-current-mode topology and default 1.6MHz (TYP) frequency. The output voltage can be programmed between -5.2V and -0.8V (default -2.5V) with 0.1V steps (see Table 1).

#### Device Reset

Power resetting resets the device to default settings. If 63 pulses are applied to the SWIRE pin, all digital settings will be reset to default values.

Table 1. Programming Table

Rising Edges	$V_{OUT}$ (V)	Rising Edges	$V_{OUT}$ (V)	Rising Edges	Switching Frequency (MHz)	Rising Edges	Current Limit (mA)	Rising Edges	Forced PWM Mode at Light Load
0/no pulse	-2.5V			0/no pulse	1.6MHz	0/no pulse	1310mA	0/no pulse	ON
1	Reserved	26	-3.1V	50	1.8MHz	53	1310mA	56	OFF
2	Reserved	27	-3.0V	51	1.4MHz	54	830mA	57	ON
3	Reserved	28	-2.9V	52	1.6MHz	55	485mA		
4	Reserved	29	-2.8V						
5	-5.2V	30	-2.7V						
6	-5.1V	31	-2.6V						
7	-5.0V	32	-2.5V						
8	-4.9V	33	-2.4V						
9	-4.8V	34	-2.3V						
10	-4.7V	35	-2.2V						
11	-4.6V	36	-2.1V						
12	-4.5V	37	-2.0V						
13	-4.4V	38	-1.9V						
14	-4.3V	39	-1.8V						
15	-4.2V	40	-1.7V						
16	-4.1V	41	-1.6V						
17	-4.0V	42	-1.5V						
18	-3.9V	43	-1.4V						
19	-3.8V	44	-1.3V						
20	-3.7V	45	-1.2V						
21	-3.6V	46	-1.1V						
22	-3.5V	47	-1.0V						
23	-3.4V	48	-0.9V						
24	-3.3V	49	-0.8V						
25	-3.2V								

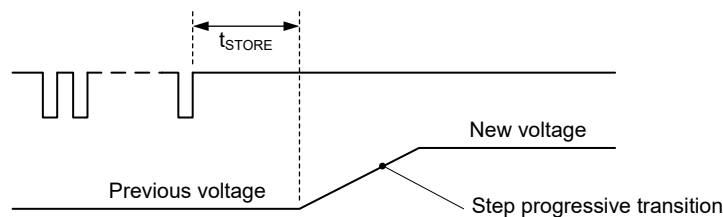


Figure 4. Programming  $V_{OUT}$

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### Inductor Selection (L)

The important factors for inductor selection are inductance (L), saturation current ( $I_{SAT}$ ), RMS rating ( $I_{RMS}$ ), DC resistance (DCR) and dimensions. Use Equation 1 and Equation 2 to calculate the inductor peak current ( $I_{L\_MAX}$ ) and peak-to-peak ripple current ( $\Delta I_L$ ) in static conditions:

$$I_{L\_MAX} = \frac{I_{O\_MAX}}{1-D} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2} \quad (1)$$

$$\Delta I_L = V_{OUT} \times \frac{1-D}{L \times f_{SW}} \quad (2)$$

where,  $I_{O\_MAX}$  is the maximum load current, D represents duty cycle and  $f_{SW}$  is the switching frequency.

$I_{SAT}$  should be higher than  $I_{L\_MAX}$ , and sufficient margin should be reserved. Typically, the saturation current

above high-side current limit is enough, and a 10% to 30% ripple current is selected to calculate the inductance. Larger inductance values reduce the ripple current but lead to slower transient response.

### Capacitor Selection

The SGM660A requires just a single ceramic capacitor at the input and output sides respectively for proper operation. Due to the nature of DC derating of ceramic capacitor, care should be taken to verify enough capacitance at the operating conditions.

A minimal of 3.5 $\mu$ F effective capacitance with 6.3V or higher rating ceramic capacitor is recommended for the input.

The recommended effective output capacitance ranges from 3.5 $\mu$ F to 24 $\mu$ F with minimal of 6.3V voltage rating.

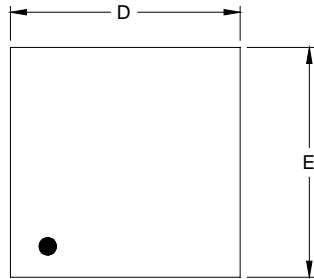
## REVISION HISTORY

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

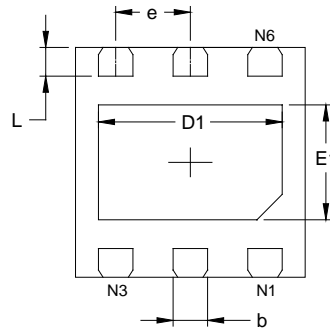
APRIL 2023 – REV.A to REV.A.1	Page
Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings section.....	2
Changes from Original (NOVEMBER 2022) to REV.A	Page
Changed from product preview to production data.....	All

PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

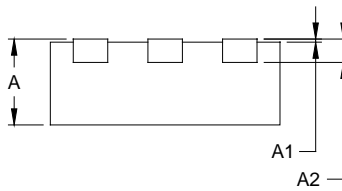
TDFN-2x2-6AL



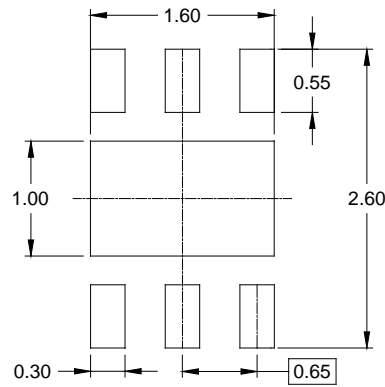
TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002
A2	0.203 REF		0.008 REF	
D	1.900	2.100	0.075	0.083
D1	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E	1.900	2.100	0.075	0.083
E1	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043
b	0.250	0.350	0.010	0.014
e	0.650 BSC		0.026 BSC	
L	0.174	0.326	0.007	0.013

NOTE: This drawing is subject to change without notice.

# PACKAGE INFORMATION

## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

### REEL DIMENSIONS



### TAPE DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

### KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TDFN-2×2-6AL	7"	9.5	2.30	2.30	1.10	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q2

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# PACKAGE INFORMATION

## CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

## KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton
7" (Option)	368	227	224	8
7"	442	410	224	18

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